



High-Precision Ball Bearings

**KAMAN**

Specialty Bearings & Engineered Products



**'RELIEVING THE PAIN' –  
DENTAL BEARINGS WITH TILT COMPENSATION**

Gebrüder Reinfurt GmbH & Co. KG

# 1. INTRODUCTION



GRW Orakel 3 test rig

A screaming, tormenting humming - many connect the sound of the dentist's drill to aching teeth.

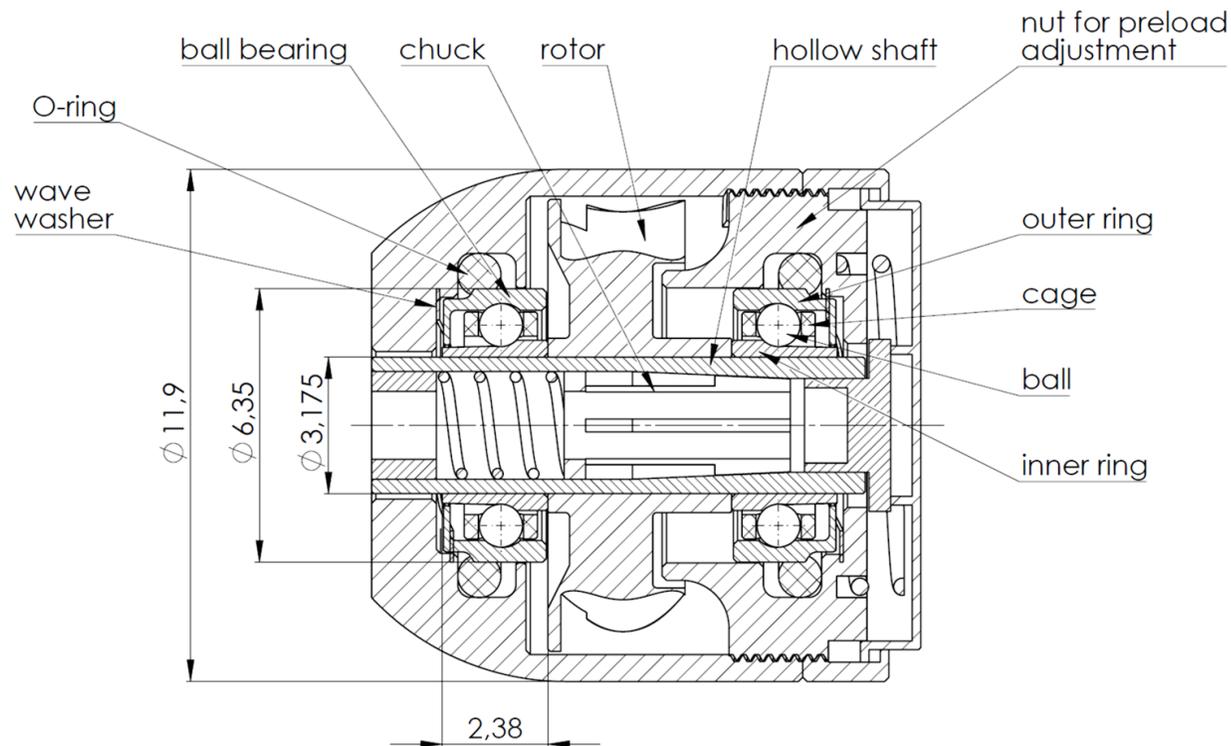
Root canal treatment is not a pleasant experience in itself. Additional high-frequency sounds of the supposed torture tool squeaking at the patient's eardrum inevitably lead to a negative connotation of the dentist and the dental devices.

Besides the pain the patient might feel on the dentist chair, a dental handpiece, is also a "painful" challenge for bearings.

# 2. DENTAL HANDPIECE / A HIGH-TECH SYSTEM

## Dental Handpieces

- The dental handpiece is part of the basic equipment of every dental treatment
- It incorporates the various tools necessary for dental care



## Key data

- pneumatic drive of the turbine  
→ up to 500,000 rpm
- X-arrangement of ball bearings  
→ O-rings and wave washers
- hollow shaft with integrated chuck  
→ tool holder

# 3. DENTAL BEARINGS – A COMPLEX TRIBO SYSTEM

## Dental bearing – customized design to beat the challenges:

- The harsh environment of dental bearings in a dental handpiece, are one of the most challenging operation conditions for rolling bearings
- Several key features are needed to provide the best bearings for this special & complex tribological system

## Operating conditions

- Speed up to **500.000 rpm**  
( $n \cdot d_m = 1.5\text{Mio} - 2\text{Mio mm/min}$ )
- **Fast acceleration / deceleration** of the bearing
- **Air flow through the bearing** during operation (lube discharge)
- **Poor lubrication** / only re-oiling during cleaning cycles
- **134°C (273°F) hot steam** sterilization
- **Partly contaminated by sanitizer** (strong bases)

**Chemically bonded  
PAI/PTFE-compound  
retainer (XTRAlon®)**

**Stainless steel rings  
(X65Cr13)**

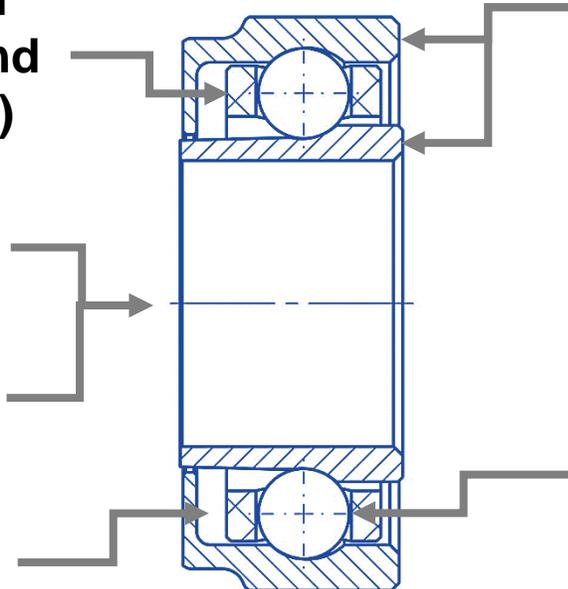
**Standard sizes:**

- 6.35mm OD
- 3.175mm ID
- 1mm Ball Dia.
- „Cap design“

**Ceramic balls ( $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ )**

**Thigh bore diameter  
tolerance classes  
Usually ABEC7/7P  
tolerance accuracy  
class**

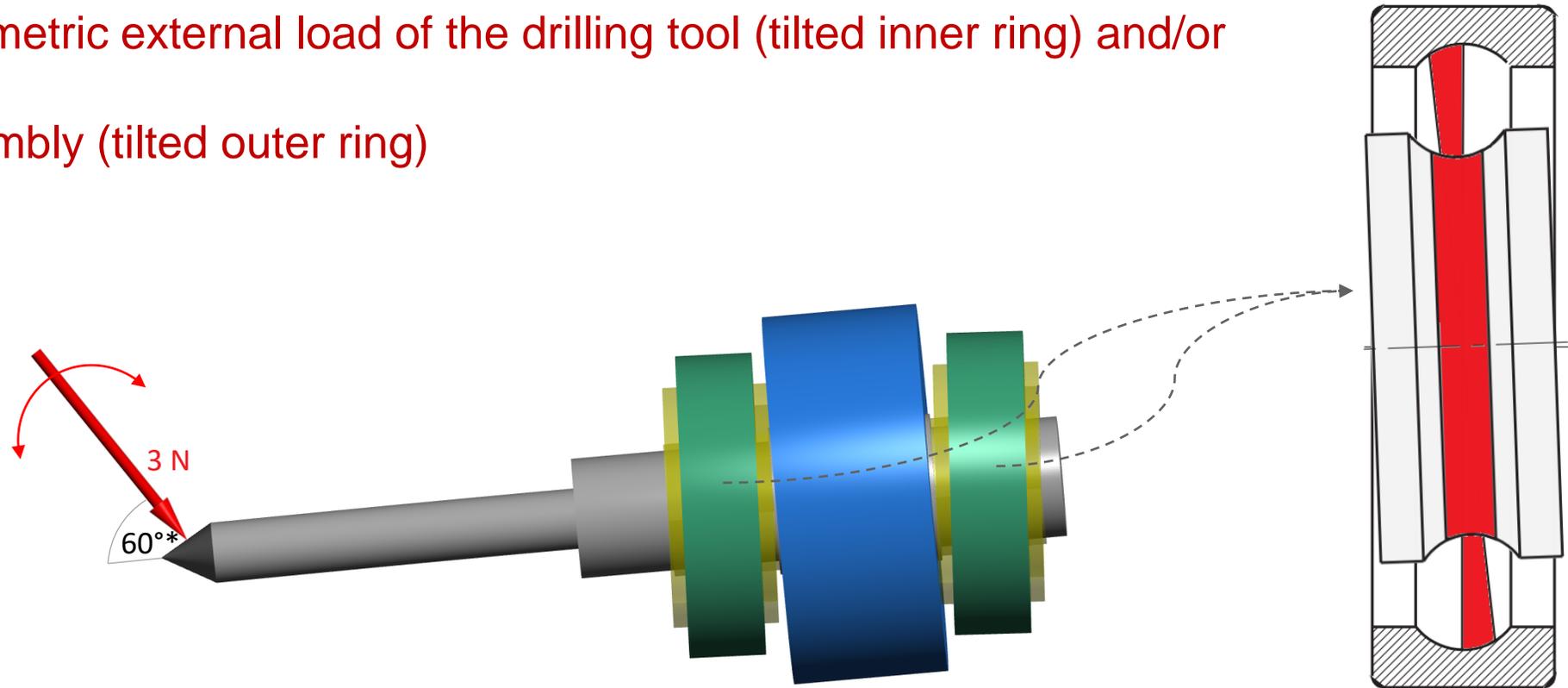
**Grease:  
poly-urea based**



# 4. FAILURE MECHANISMS OF TURBINE BEARINGS

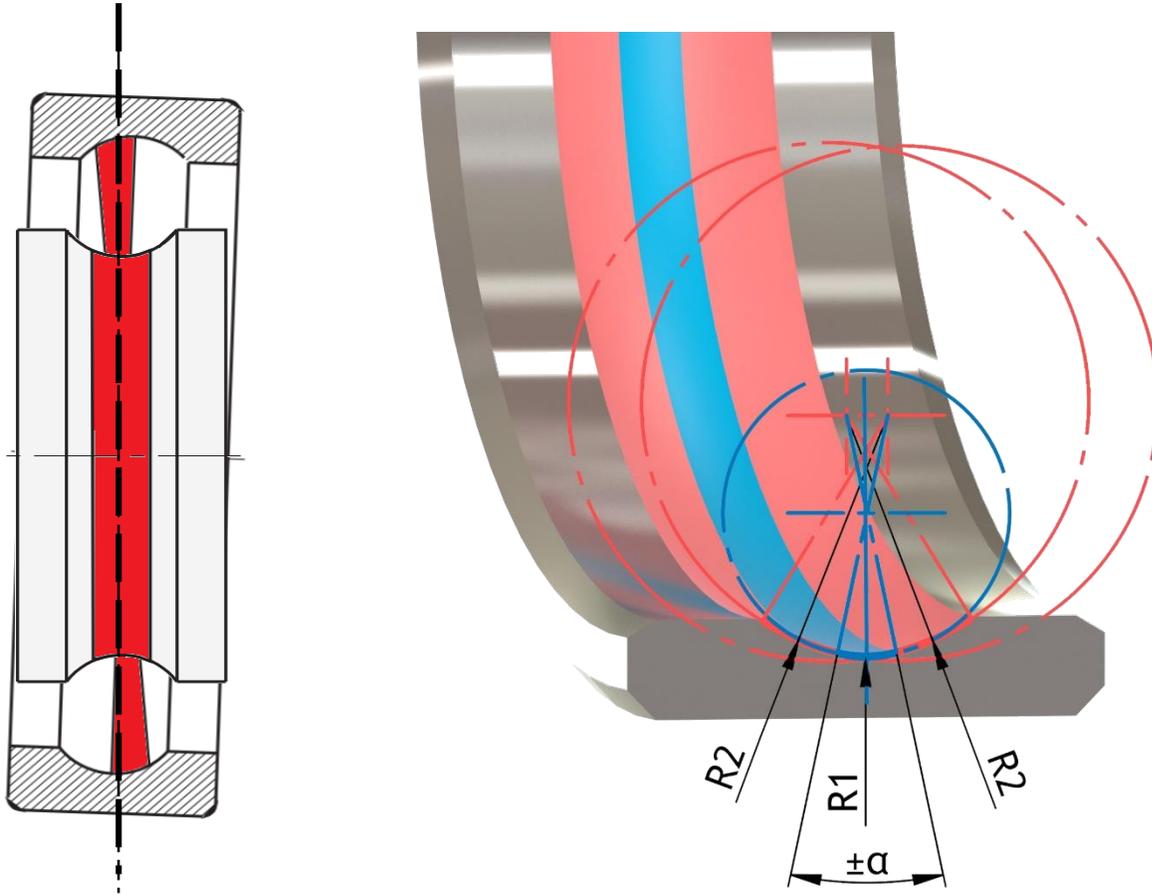
There is one more challenge for the bearings:

- High asymmetric external load of the drilling tool (tilted inner ring) and/or
- Tilted assembly (tilted outer ring)



# 5. SOLUTION: BALL BEARING WITH NEW RACEWAY DESIGN

How to deal with high asymmetric external load and/or the sub-optimal assembly???



## 'three-way' outer ring design

A raceway with three differently curved zones  
→ patent pending

### *R1*

standard radius for standard operating condition  
→ no difference to standard raceway  
→ „smooth“ transition from R1 to R2

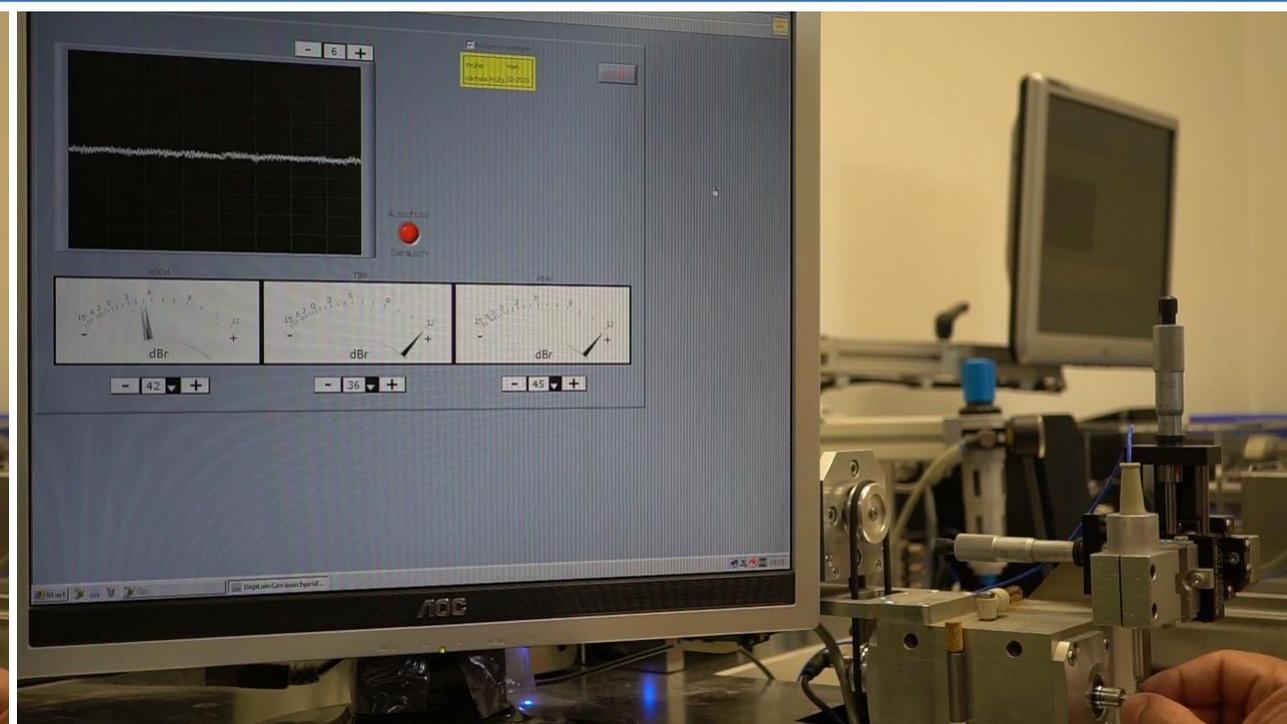
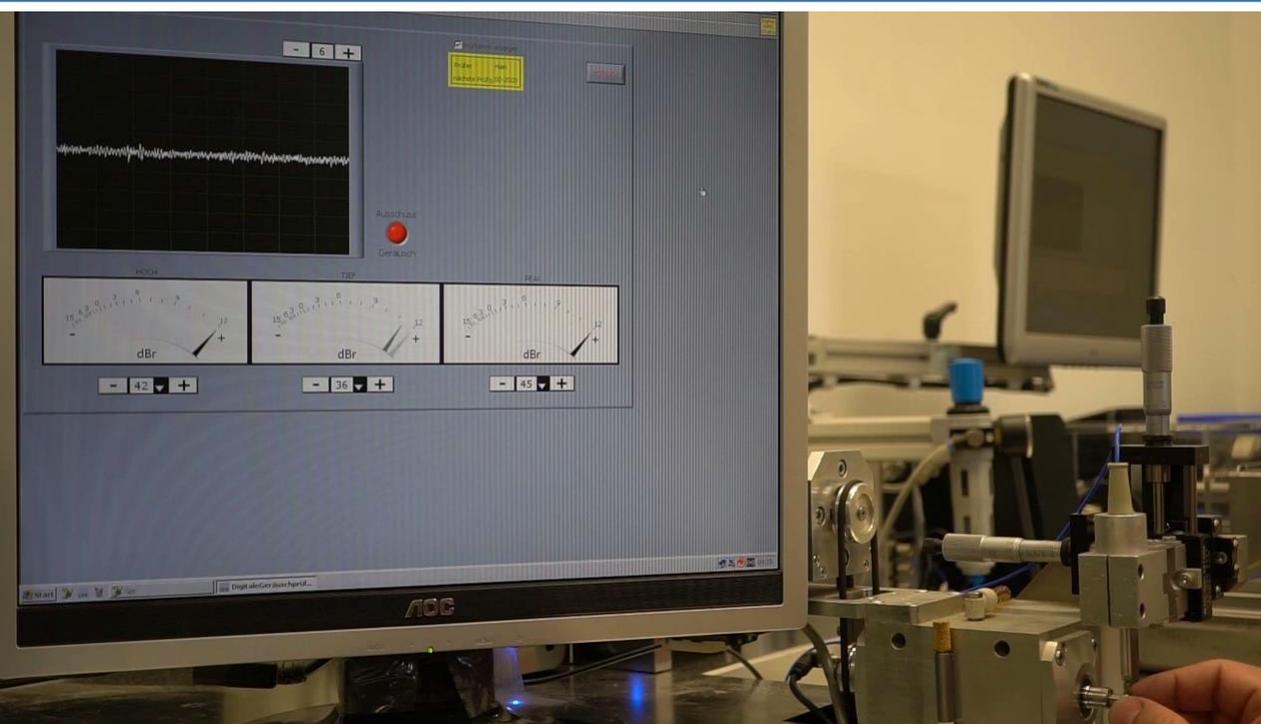
### *R2*

larger radii for tilted operating condition  
→  $R2 \approx 2 \times R1$   
→ contact angle  $\pm\alpha$  determines the segment width of the middle raceway

### Result:

Reduction of the elliptical character of the running track / approximation to a circular path

# 6. VALIDATION: BEARING NOISE IMPROVEMENTS



'three-way'

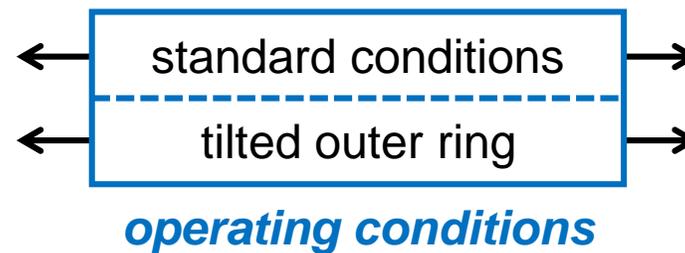
low running noise

low running noise

'raceway'

low running noise

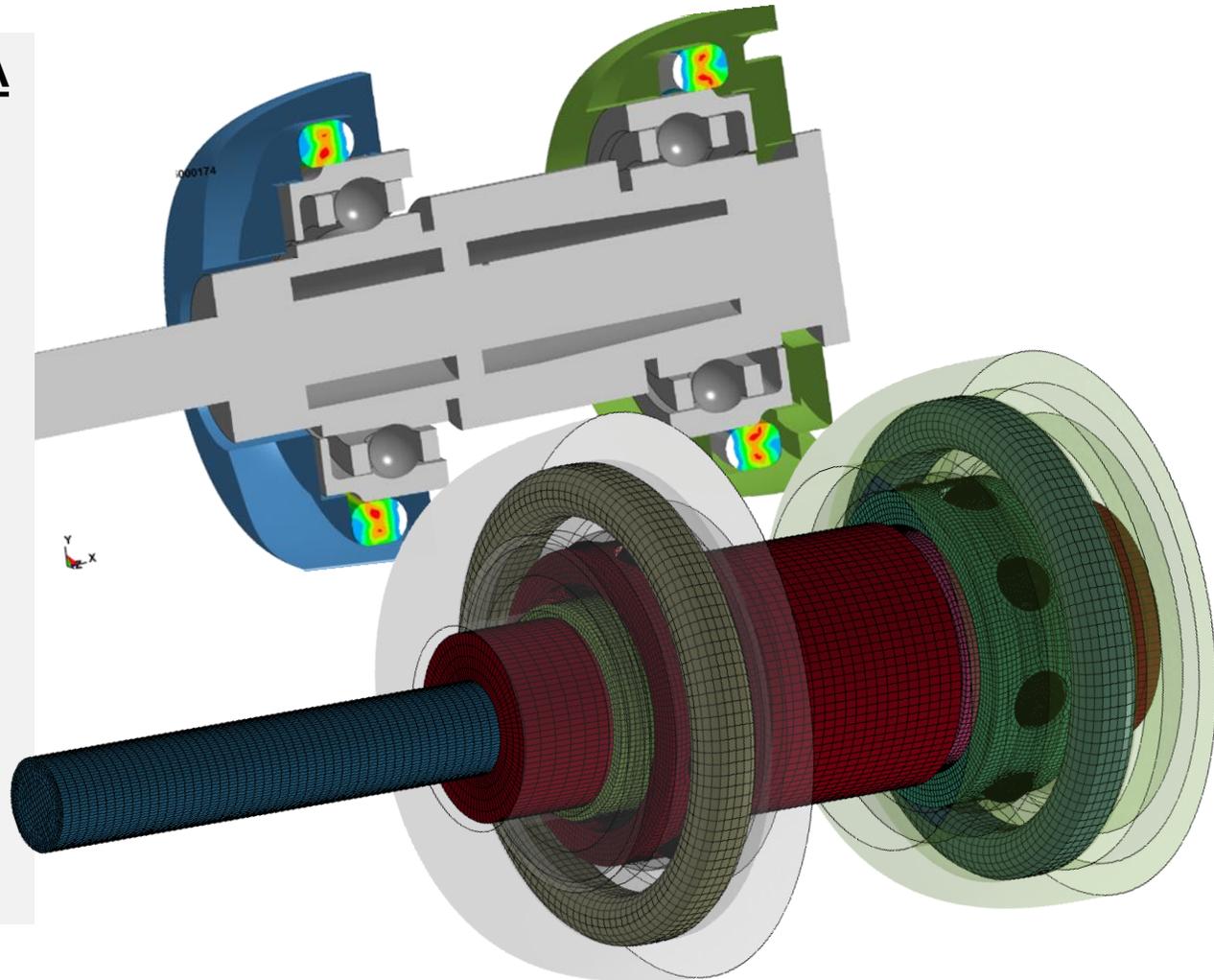
noticeable noise



# 7. VALIDATION: ADVANCED DYNAMIC SIMULATION

## Dynamic simulation using LS-DYNA

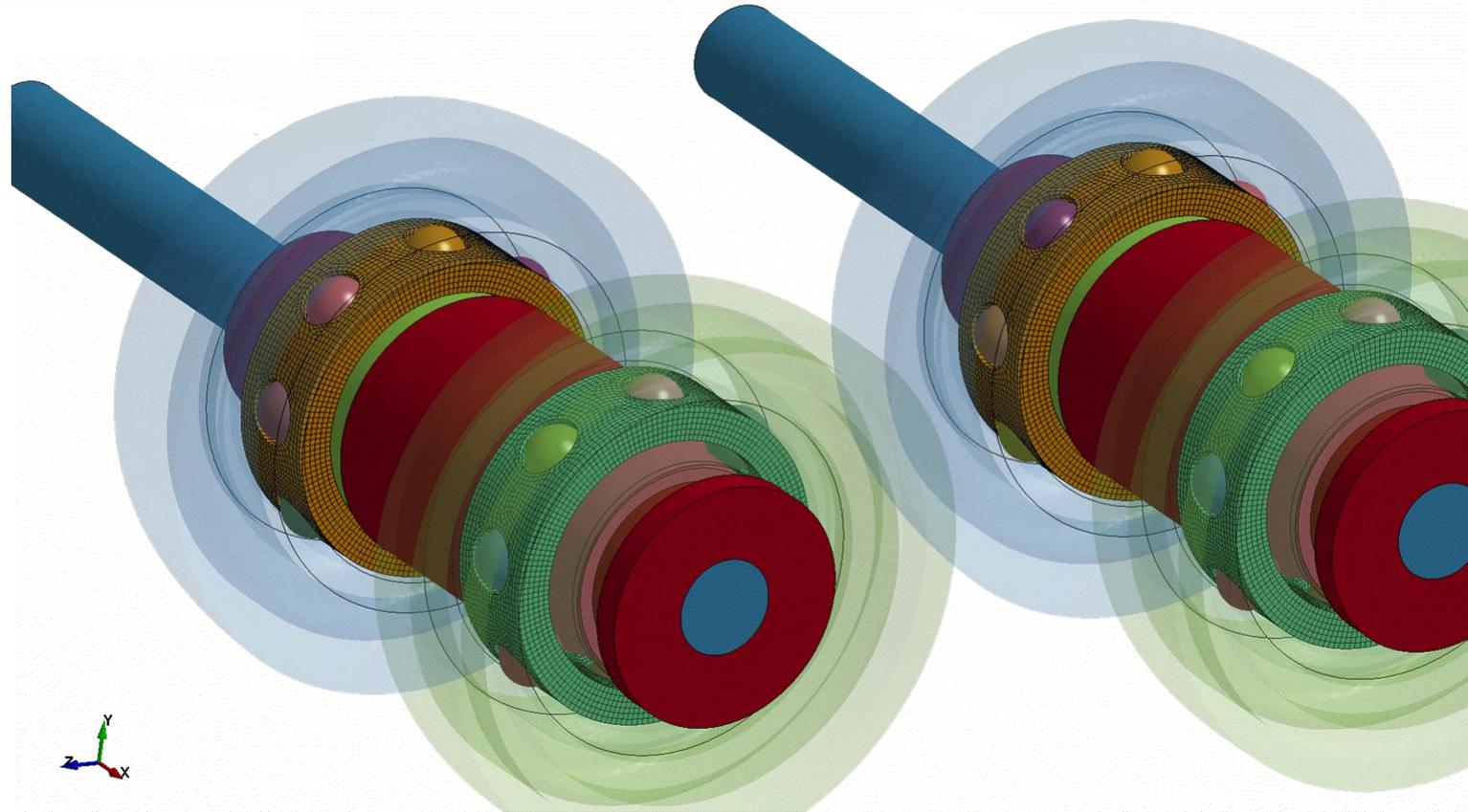
- Discretization/Model
  - 545.477 Nodes
  - 571.042 Elements
  - 37 Components
- considered boundary conditions
  - drill force (3 N)
  - wave washer force (2 N)
  - defined friction coefficients
  - hyper elastic material behavior (O-ring)
  - steel and ceramic material properties



# 8. VALIDATION: ADVANCED DYNAMIC SIMULATION

## Cage kinematics

- cage deflections  
→ true scaled
- simulation time  
→ 7 ms
- operating conditions  
→ tilted outer ring



### 'three-way'

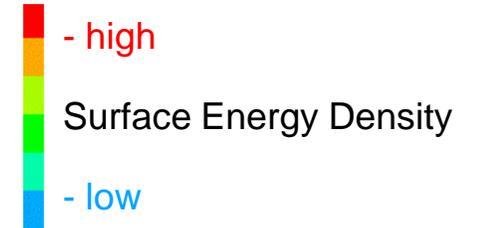
→ smooth movement of the cage  
and the drill tip

### 'standard raceway'

→ chaotic movement of the cage  
and the drill tip due to high dynamic forces

# 8. VALIDATION: ADVANCED DYNAMIC SIMULATION

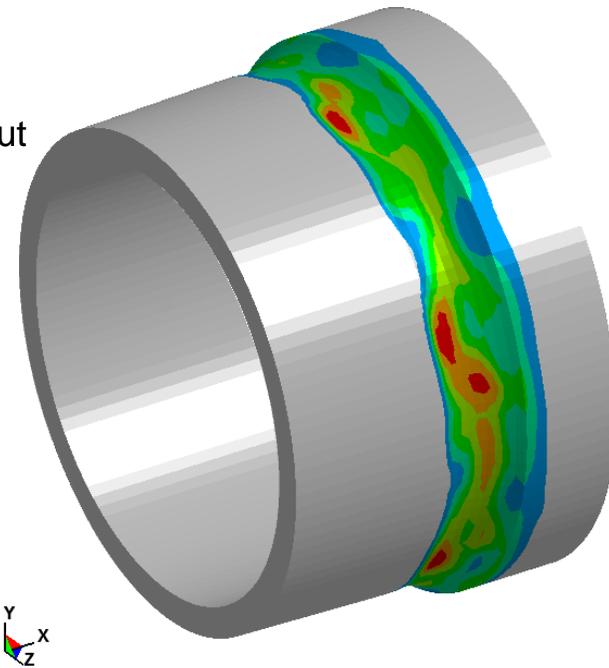
## Surface energy density (@ same tilting angle & boundary conditions)



### Inner Ring Raceway

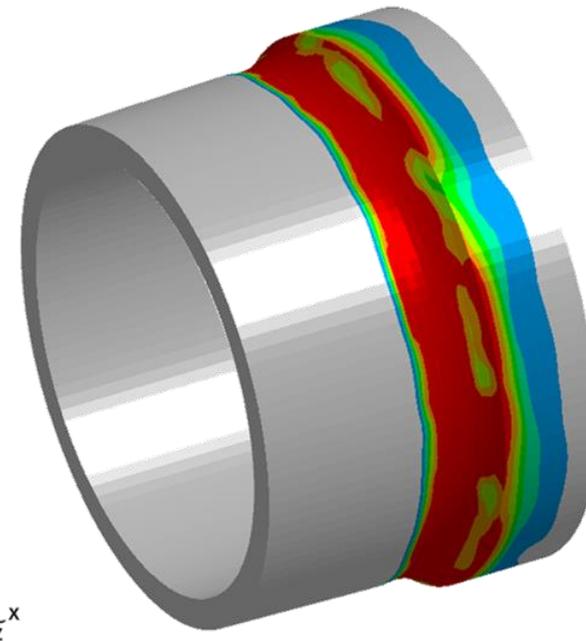
#### 'three-way'

→ low frictional forces  
result in a low energy input



#### 'raceway'

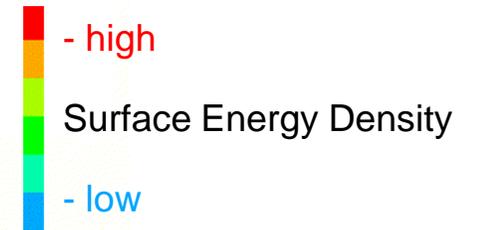
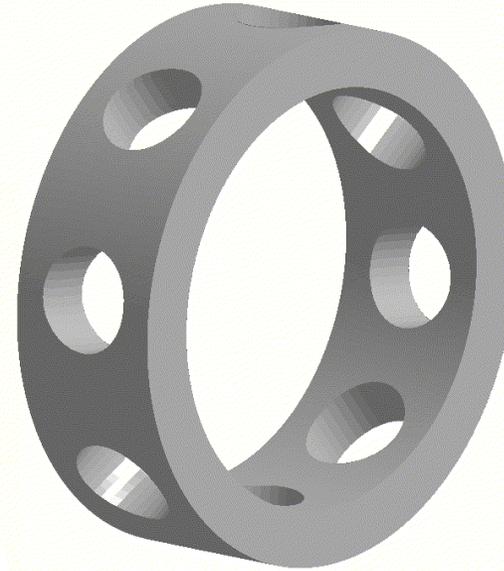
→ high dynamic forces  
increase the frictional  
energy input



approx. 50% less  
energy density in IR,  
compared to  
standard raceway.

# 8. VALIDATION: ADVANCED DYNAMIC SIMULATION

## Surface Energy Density



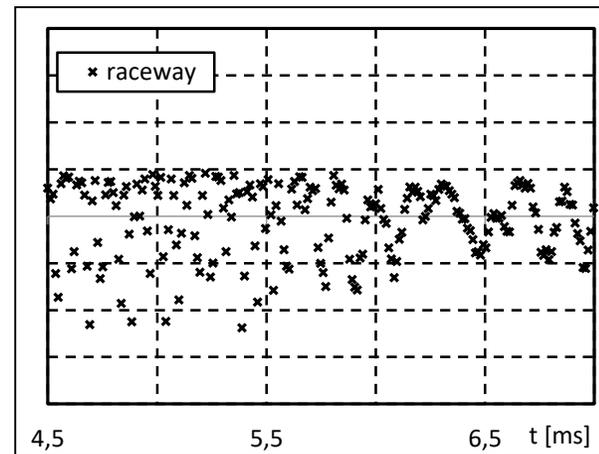
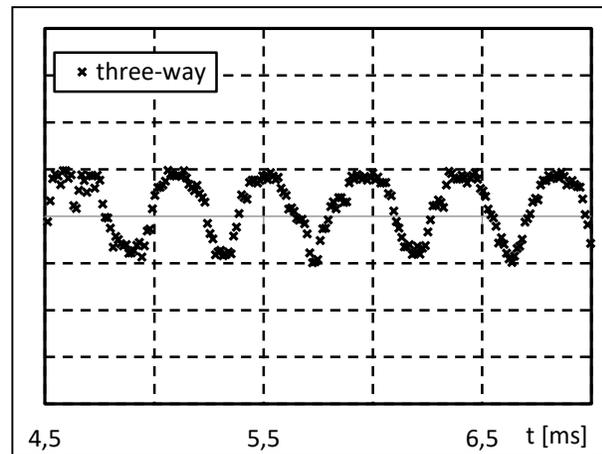
### 'three-way'

→ low frictional forces result in a low energy input

### 'raceway'

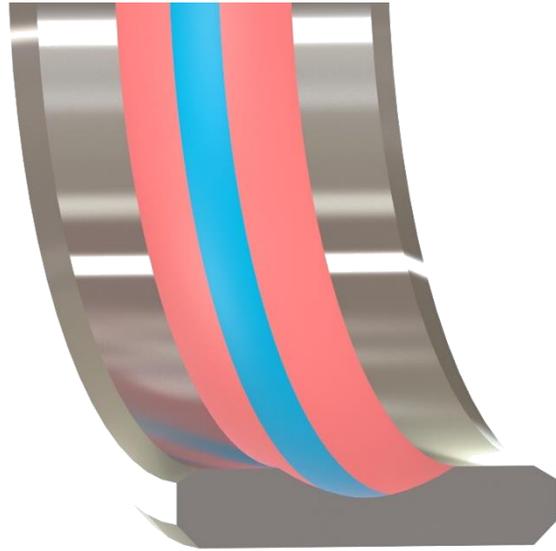
→ high dynamic forces increase the frictional energy input

radial cage deflection



radial cage deflection

# 9. CONCLUSION & FURTHER VALIDATION



## Benefits

- improvement of the cage kinematics
- lower energy density less cage wear → longer bearing life
- supporting feature to cage material XTRAlon® and special cage designs
- **relieving the pain**
  - patient: lower running noise when tilted
  - dentist: extended service intervals
  - handpiece manufacturer: decreased warranty claims



## Further validation

- completion of internal life tests (to increase statistics/randomly tilting)
- completion of field testing (>1 year)

# „RELIEVING THE PAIN“ - DENTAL BEARINGS WITH TILT COMPENSATION



High-Precision Ball Bearings

**KAMAN**

Specialty Bearings &  
Engineered Products